







VIRTUES OF THE ANSĀR





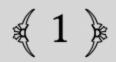












Sayyidunā Anas an narrates that Rasūlullāh and said, "The sign of īmān is love for the *Anṣār* and the sign of hypocrisy is hatred for the *Anṣār*."

[Şaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #17]













2

Ghaylān Ibn Jarīr says, "I said to Sayyidunā Anas , "Tell me about the name 'Anṣār', did you coin this name, or did Allāh name you by it?" He said, "Allāh ame named us with it."

[Şahīh Al-Bukhārī #3776]















Sayyidunā Al-Barā' says, "I heard Rasūlullāh saying", or he said, "Rasūlullāh said, "None but a believer loves the *Anṣār*, and none hates them except a hypocrite. Allāh will love the one who loves them, and Allāh will hate the one who hates them."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3783]











Virtues of the Anṣār



Sayyidunā Anas anarrates, "Once Rasūlullāh as saw a group of women and children of the *Anṣār* coming, I think the narrator said, 'from a wedding'.

Rasūlullāh stood up and said thrice, "By Allāh, you are amongst the most beloved people to me."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3785]











Virtues of the Anṣār



Sayyidunā Anas anarrates, "Once a woman of the *Anṣār* came to Rasūlullāh . She had her child with her. Rasūlullāh spoke to her and then said, "By the Being in Whose control is my life, indeed you are the most beloved people to me."

[Şaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3786]















Sayyidunā Zayd Ibn Arqam narrates, "The *Anṣār* said, "O Rasūlullāh, every Nabī has followers. Indeed, we have followed you. Make *du'ā'* to Allāh that He makes those who follow us be counted amongst us." So he made this *du'ā'*."

















Sayyidunā Abū Usayd an narrates that Rasūlullāh said, "The best of homes of the Anṣār are Banū Najjār, then Banū 'Abdul Ash-hal, then Banū Al-Ḥārith Ibn Khazraj, then Banū Sā'idah, and there is goodness in every home of the Anṣār."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3789]















Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah anarrates from Nabī an or he said, "Abul Qāsim anarrates,"

"If the *Anṣār* had to take their path through a valley or mountain pass, I would have taken the valley of the *Anṣār*. If it was not for the migration (hijrah), I would have been one of the *Anṣār*."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3779]



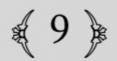








Virtues of the Anṣār



Sayyidunā Anas anarrates, "On the Day of the Battle of the Trench (*Al-Khandaq*), the *Anṣār* were saying, "We are those who pledged allegiance to Muḥammad for *Jihād*, as long as we live." Rasūlullāh said in reply, "O Allāh, there is no life except the life of the hereafter, so honour the *Anṣār* and the *Muhājirīn*."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3796]











Virtues of the Anṣār



Sayyidunā Sahl an narrates, "Rasūlullāh and carrying out the sand on our backs."

Rasūlullāh said, "O Allāh, there is no life except the life of the hereafter, so forgive the *Muhājirīn* and the *Anṣār*."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3797]













(11)

Sayyidunā Ibn 'Abbās anarrates, "(During his final illness), Rasūlullāh acame out covered in a sheet of cloth, placed over his shoulders. His head was tied with a piece of cloth. He sat down on the pulpit. He praised and glorified Allāh and then said, "To proceed, O people, the people will go on increasing, but the *Anṣār* will decrease, until they become just like salt in the food. Whoever amongst you will rule and will have the power to harm or benefit others, he should accept the good from the good—doers amongst them and overlook the slips of those who slip amongst them."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3800]















Sayyidunā Barā' anarrates, "A silken cloth was gifted to Rasūlullāh ." The Ṣaḥābah began to feel it and admired its softness. Rasūlullāh said, "Are you surprised at the softness of this cloth? The handkerchiefs of Sa'd Ibn Mu'ādh (i.e. in Jannah) are better than it."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3802]

Sayyidunā Sa'd Ibn Mu'ādh was the Chief of the 'Aws tribe in Madīnah Munawwarah and one of the prominent *Anṣārī* Ṣaḥābah ... He was martyred shortly after the Battle of the Trench.















Sayyidunā Jābir 🧠 narrates, "I heard Rasūlullāh saying, "The throne (of Allāh) shook upon the demise of Sa'd Ibn Mu'ādh."

[Şaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3803]

Sayyidunā Sa'd Ibn Mu'ādh was the Chief of the 'Aws tribe in Madīnah Munawwarah and one of the prominent *Anṣārī* Ṣaḥābah ... He was martyred shortly after the Battle of the Trench.















Sayyidunā Anas Ibn Mālik anarrates, "Rasūlullāh said to Ubayy (Ibn Ka'b), "Indeed Allāh has instructed me to recite to you 'the disbelievers from the Ahl-ul-Kitāb will not desist...' [Sūrah Al-Bayyinah]." Sayyidunā Ubayy said, "Has He mentioned my name?" Rasūlullāh said, "Yes." Upon this, Sayyidunā Ubayy Ibn Ka'b started crying.

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3809]

Sayyidunā Ubayy Ibn Ka'b 🧠 was a very senior Anṣārī Ṣaḥābī who dedicated himself to the Noble Qur'ān.















Sayyidunā Anas anarrates, "The Noble Qur'ān was gathered by four people in the lifetime of Rasūlullāh ana, all of them were from the *Anṣār*: Ubayy, Mu'ādh Ibn Jabal, Abū Zayd and Zayd Ibn Thābit." I said to Sayyidunā Anas ana, "Who is Abū Zayd?" He said, "One of my uncles."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3810]















Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah المحافظة المحافظ

[Ṣaḥīḥ Muslim #76]















Sayyidunā Usayd Ibn Ḥudayr narrates, "A man from the *Anṣār* took Rasūlullāh aside and said, "Will you not appoint me governor as you appointed so and so?" Rasūlullāh said, "You will surely come across preferential treatment after me, be patient until you meet me at the haud (the Pond of Kawthar)."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Muslim #1845]













(18)

Sayyidunā Zayd Ibn Arqam an arrates that Rasūlullāh as said, "O Allāh, forgive the *Anṣār*, the offspring of the *Anṣār* and the offspring of the offspring of the *Anṣār*."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Muslim #2506]













(19)

Sayyidunā Anas Ibn Mālik anarrates that Rasūlullāh asaid, "Indeed the *Anṣār* are my family and my trusted friends. The people will increase in number, whilst the *Anṣār* will decrease. Accept the good of those who do good from amongst them and overlook their failings."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Muslim #2510]















Sayyidunā Anas Ibn Mālik anarrates that the *Muhājirūn* said, "O Rasūlullāh, the *Anṣār* have acquired all the reward." Rasūlullāh said, "No, as long as you make *du'ā'* for them and praise them."

[Sunan Abū Dāwūd #4812]















Sayyidunā Abū Sa'īd Al-Khudrī anarrates, "We, the people of the *Anṣār*, used to recognize the hypocrites by their hatred for 'Alī Ibn Abī Tālib."

[Jāmi' At-Tirmidhī #3717]











Virtues of the Anṣār



Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah

anarrates that Rasūlullāh anarrates that Rasūlullāh anaid, "Leadership is with the Quraysh, Judgement is with the Anṣār, Adhān is among the Abyssinians, and trust is with Azd (Yemen)."

[Jāmi' At-Tirmidhī #3936]















Sayyidunā Abū Hurayrah

an narrates that Rasūlullāh said, "The tribes of *Quraysh*, the Anṣār, Juhayna, Aslam, Ashja' and Ghifār are my friends and they have no protector but Allāh."

[Şahīh Al-Bukhārī #3504]















Sayyidunā Ghaylān Ibn Jarīr says, "We used to visit Anas Ibn Mālik and he used to talk to us about the *Anṣār*. He used to say to me, "Your people did such a deed on such a day, your people did such and such on such a day."

[Ṣaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #3844]











Virtues of the Anṣār

(25)

Sayyidunā Qatādah says, "We do not know of any tribe amongst the Arabs who had more martyrs than the Anṣār, and they will be the most honoured on the Day of Qiyāmah. Sayyidunā Anas told us that 70 of them were martyred on the Day of Uḥud, 70 on day of Bi'r Ma'ūnah and 70 on the Day of Al-Yamāmah. Sayyidunā Anas added, "Bi'r Ma'ūnah took place during the lifetime of Rasūlullāh and Al-Yamāmah occurred during the Khilāfat of Abū Bakr, it was the day when Musaylamah Al-Kadh-dhāb was killed."

[Şaḥīḥ Al-Bukhārī #4078]



